

The invention describes a profiled support made from stone material and tension-resistant material, produced preferably from CO₂ in order to capture greenhouse gases. The intention is therefore to replace steel supports and aluminium supports by using sustainable building materials. The invention adopts the principle of dovetailing from timber construction and transfers this principle to construction from stone material and fibrous material, in that the generally orthogonally meeting planes of the profile intersect geometrically, or at least meet at a section plane, in relation to the tension-resistant material components. Such materials made from mineral substances and fibrous substances are considerably more lightweight, durable and ecological than such supports made from metallic materials.