

Method for joining wooden timbers involves steps in which ends of two timbers are processed by cutting ends at an angle and in a shape that are identical for both ends of timbers. Resulting end face of each timber has protrusion and recess, where the width and height of protrusion are equal to the width and height of recess, forming openings in thickness of each timber at a right angle to end face. Ends of each timber are chamfered, timber ends are joined, and timbers are secured to one another using fasteners inserted into the formed openings.