

Method for forming borehole charge involves drilling borehole, placing initiators and explosive material inside it, and filling the cavity free of explosive material with tamping. First, main charging sleeve is formed from air-permeable polymer material, the diameter of which does not exceed the diameter of borehole, and the length exceeds the calculated depth of borehole, wherein the end portion of charging sleeve is insulated and weight is attached to it, and auxiliary charging sleeve is placed inside main charging sleeve, the diameter of which does not exceed the diameter of main charging sleeve, with the lower part of auxiliary charging sleeve secured inside main charging sleeve at a distance from weight, and the upper part of auxiliary sleeve is positioned at the upper edge of main charging sleeve; then, at a calculated distance from the bottom of main charging sleeve, it is sewn shut with a horizontal seam from the edge of main charging sleeve to the side surface of auxiliary charging sleeve placed within it, then, initiation devices are placed inside borehole and assembled main and auxiliary charging sleeves are lowered until weight reaches the bottom of borehole. Then, explosive material is fed into auxiliary charging sleeve, thus filling the space within the main charging sleeve from its bottom to the level of the horizontal seam; after filling the specified volume of main charging sleeve, filling of auxiliary sleeve continues up to the upper limit of borehole charge. Then, free ends of auxiliary and charging sleeves are moved into borehole as insulating liner, onto which tamping is applied to fill the portion of borehole free of explosive material up to the block surface level.